117TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION  

H. R. ____

To require the designation of composting as a conservation practice and activity, and to provide grants and loan guarantees for composting facilities and programs, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. BROWNLEY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on ________________

A BILL

To require the designation of composting as a conservation practice and activity, and to provide grants and loan guarantees for composting facilities and programs, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

2 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

3 This Act may be cited as the “Cultivating Organic Matter through the Promotion Of Sustainable Techniques Act” or the “COMPOST Act”.

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July 1, 2021 (4:28 p.m.)
SEC. 2. COMPOSTING AS CONSERVATION PRACTICE.

(a) Conservation Standards and Requirements.—Section 1241(j) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841(j)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) Composting as conservation practice and activity.—

“(A) In general.—The Secretary shall by regulation provide that composting is a conservation practice and a conservation activity for the purposes of this title.

“(B) Composting defined.—

“(i) In general.—For the purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘composting’ means—

“(I) an activity (including an activity that does not require the use of a composting facility) to produce compost from organic waste that is—

“(aa) generated on a farm;

or

“(bb) brought to a farm from a nearby community and
used to produce compost on that
farm; and

“(II) the use and active manage-
ment of compost on a farm, in accord-
ance with any applicable Federal,
State, or local law, to improve water
retention and soil health.

“(ii) DETERMINATION OF NEARBY
COMMUNITIES.—The Secretary, in con-
sultation with the Administrator of the En-
vironmental Protection Agency, shall issue
regulations for determining whether a com-
munity is nearby for purposes of clause
(i)(I), which shall ensure that bringing or-
ganic waste from the community to the
farm to produce compost results in a net
reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.”.

(b) CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM.—Sec-
tion 1240I(2)(B)(i) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
U.S.C. 3839aa–21(2)(B)(i)) is amended by inserting “and
composting practices” after “agriculture drainage man-
agement systems”.

(e) ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY INCENTIVES PRO-
GRAM.—Section 1240A(6)(A)(ii) of the Food Security Act
of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–1(6)(A)(ii)) is amended by in-
serting “, including composting practices” before the semi-
colon at the end.

(d) DELIVERY OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Section
1242(h) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
3842(h)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) DEVELOPMENT OF COMPOSTING PRACTICE
STANDARD.—In addition to conducting a review
under this subsection of any composting facility
practice standard established before the date of en-
actment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall estab-
lish a composting practice standard under the proc-
ess developed under paragraph (3).”.

SEC. 3. COMPOSTING GRANT AND LOAN GUARANTEE PRO-
GRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Consolidated Farm and
Rural Development Act is amended by inserting after sec-
tion 310I (7 U.S.C. 1936) the following:

“SEC. 310J. GRANTS AND LOAN GUARANTEES FOR
COMPOSTING PROGRAMS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation
with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
Agency, shall establish and carry out a program to award
grants and loan guarantees, on a competitive basis, for
projects that expand access to food waste composting.

“(b) GRANTS.—
“(1) AMOUNT.—

“(A) COST SHARE.—The total amount of grant funds awarded for a project under this section shall not exceed 75 percent of the cost of the project for which the grant is awarded, as determined by the Secretary.

“(B) MAXIMUM.—The total amount of grant funds awarded for a project under this subsection shall not exceed $5,000,000.

“(2) ALLOCATION.—Of funds made available to carry out this subsection in each fiscal year, the Secretary shall allocate not less than 25 percent to projects that do not include the use of centralized commercial composting, to the extent there are sufficient applications for such projects.

“(3) TIMELINE.—An entity receiving a grant under this subsection shall fully expend the awarded grant funds within 3 years of receiving the funds.

“(4) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—The Secretary may award a grant under this section to any of the following entities:

“(A) A State, local, territorial, or Tribal government.

“(B) A local educational agency (as defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and
Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801)).

“(C) An institution of higher education.

“(D) A non-profit organization.

“(E) A farmer or rancher.

“(F) A consortium of any of the entities described in subparagraphs (A) through (E).

“(G) One or more of any of the entities described in subparagraphs (A) through (F), in coordination with a for-profit organization.

“(c) Loan Guarantees.—

“(1) Amount.—

“(A) Cost Share.—The Secretary may award a loan guarantee under this section in an amount that does not exceed 80 percent of the cost of a project that is eligible for assistance under this section, as determined by the Secretary.

“(B) Maximum.—The Secretary may not provide a loan guarantee under this section in an amount that exceeds $5,000,000.

“(2) Eligible Entities.—The Secretary may award a loan guarantee under this section to a for-profit organization, farmer, or rancher that dem-
onstrates successful prior experience in developing, managing, and marketing composting facilities.

“(d) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—The Secretary may award grants and loan guarantees under this section for projects to carry out the following:

“(1) Composting facility or site permitting, planning, and construction.

“(2) Acquisition of machinery, equipment, and other physical necessities required to operate a composting facility, system, or program, except depackaging equipment.

“(3) Activities to increase the production capacity throughput of a composting facility.

“(4) Implementation of onsite composting systems and programs (such as home composting programs, community garden and urban farm composting, and other onsite composting systems at institutions, nonprofits, and businesses).

“(5) Projects that are based on a distributed infrastructure strategy (such as a strategy that incorporates a mix or choice of home composting, farm and ranch composting, onsite composting, community-scale composting, or centralized commercial composting).
“(6) Collection of organic waste intended for processing at a composting facility or system, or through a composting program, including curbside pick-up programs, community drop-off programs, and facility- or event-specific programs (such as programs at schools, restaurants, stadiums, or festivals).

“(7) Activities for land-based compost application, including compost application on a farm or ranch.

“(8) Market development projects that create a demand for compost product or increase commercial and residential participation in composting.

“(e) REQUIREMENTS.—An eligible entity applying for a grant or loan guarantee under this section shall demonstrate that the project for which such assistance is sought—

“(1) will—

“(A) result in composting of food waste (which may include such composting in combination with non-food organic waste);

“(B) result in increased total capacity to accept and process food waste into finished compost product; and
“(C) include at least one operator of a facility or system, if applicable, who is trained on best management practices for composting (such as odor, vector, pathogen, and contaminant control practices);

“(2) in the case of a market development project, is likely to create sufficient demand to increase total capacity, in the targeted market, to accept and process food waste into high-quality finished compost; or

“(3) in the case of land-based compost application activities, is consistent with any applicable requirements pursuant to section 1241(j) of the Food Security Act of 1985.

“(f) PRIORITY FACTORS.—In awarding grants and loan guarantees under this section, the Secretary shall prioritize projects that include the greatest number of the following factors:

“(1) The project is located in or serving a location with significant access to food waste and no or limited prior access to food waste composting.

“(2) The project demonstrates the potential to create new capacity for the volume or weight of food waste collected and processed, or make significant
gains in the number of people with access to food waste composting facilities or systems.

“(3) The project includes a demonstrated plan for following best management practices and producing a high-quality compost product.

“(4) The project incorporates the participation of small and diverse businesses (such as minority-, woman-, and veteran-owned businesses certified by the Small Business Administration or under a State program or another recognized certification program and other businesses led by Black people, Indigenous people, or other people of color).

“(5) The project creates opportunities for hiring and leadership development practices that are inclusive and provide living wages.

“(6) The project serves disadvantaged and low-income communities, engages Black farmers, Indigenous farmers, and other farmers of color, or incorporates an environmental justice plan or principles.

“(7) The project is for a facility or system that accepts or plans to accept and process only source separated organics.

“(g) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may award only one grant or loan guarantee under this section for any project.
“(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) SOURCE SEPARATED ORGANICS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘source separated organics’ means organic waste that is separated from other waste by the waste generator.

“(B) INCLUSION.—The term ‘source separated organics’ includes materials that are certified to meet ASTM standard D6400 or D6868.

“(C) EXCLUSION.—The term ‘source separated organics’ excludes mixed solid waste.

“(2) CENTRALIZED COMMERCIAL COMPOSTING.—The term ‘centralized commercial composting’ means a regional composting facility that produces at least 10,000 tons of compost annually.

“(i) FUNDING.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.”.